Thank You!!



Thanks for downloading the Animal Cell assessment sheet.

Please check out my website at homeschoolscienceclub.com for more ideas of teaching and learning science!!

And consider subscribing to our youtube channel for the most up-to-date videos!

Name _____ Date ____

The Animal Cell

Match the organelle with the appropriate function.

1. Ribosome Controls and regulates the activity of the cell.

2. Vacuole Generate most of the chemical energy of the cell.

3. Nucleus Help sequester waste products.4. Mitochondria The site of protein synthesis...

5. Endoplasmic Reticulum An network of membranes which proteins move thought the cell.

The Animal Cell

Α	M	L	С	Υ	T	0	Р	L	Α	S	M	I	0
U	С	Υ	U	M	S	U	L	0	E	L	С	U	N
R	Ε	Т	I	С	U	L	U	M	Α	M	Ε	Н	S
L	N	Т	S	Ε	M	0	S	0	S	Y	L	U	Υ
G	Т	Α	I	R	D	N	0	Н	С	0	Т	I	M
0	R	S	С	В	Α	V	Α	С	U	0	L	Ε	L
L	I	В	I	M	G	N	R	С	М	В	I	G	N
G	0	M	E	M	0	S	0	В	I	R	M	R	L
I	L	M	L	D	R	Р	U	S	0	L	Ε	L	E
В	E	E	I	0	S	N	U	С	L	Ε	U	S	R
0	S	Α	M	M	U	0	L	L	В	0	G	0	M
D	С	0	Ε	N	D	0	Р	L	Α	S	M	I	С
Υ	R	Ε	S	N	С	L	Ε	M	Α	В	S	D	M
Α	С	Ε	L	L	M	Ε	M	В	R	Α	N	Ε	S

ENDOPLASMIC
CENTRIOLES
CELL MEMBRANE
CYTOPLASM
GOLGI BODY
LYSOSOMES
RETICULUM
NUCLEUS
MITOCHONDRIA
RIBOSOME
NUCLEOLUS
VACUOLE

Name

Date _____

The Animal Cell-Answer Key

Match the organelle with the appropriate function.

1. Ribosome

Controls and regulates the activity of the cell.

2. Vacuole Generate most of the chemical energy of the cell.

3. Nucleus Help sequester waste products.

4. Mitochondria The site of protein synthesis...

5. Endoplasmic Reticulum — An network of membranes which proteins move thought the cell.

The Animal Cell

Α	M	L	C	Y	Ţ	0	P	L	A	S	_M	Ι	0
U	Ç	Υ	U	M	S	U	Ł	0	Ε	L	C	U	-N
R	€:	Т	I	С	U	L	U	M	Α	M	Ε	Н	S
L	N	Т	S-	Ε	M	0	S	0	S	Y	Ł	U	Υ
G	+	Α	I				0		С		т	Т	М
O	R	S	С	В	Α	٧		С	_	0	L		L
L	1	В	I	M	G	N	R		М	В	I	G	N
								R					
q	0	M	E-	M	U	>	U	В	-	R	M	R	L
I	L.	M	L	D	R	Р	U	S	0	L	Ε	L	Ε
В	E	Ε	I	0	S	N	U	С	L	Е	U	S	R
C	S	Α	M	M	U	0	L	L	В	0	G	0	M
D	С	0	E	N	D	0	P	L	Α	S	M	I	-с
Υ	R	Ε	S	N	С	L	Ε	M	Α	В	S	D	M
Α	c	E	L	L	M	Ε	M	B	R	A	N	E	S

ENDOPLASMIC
CENTRIOLES
CELL MEMBRANE
CYTOPLASM
GOLGI BODY
LYSOSOMES
RETICULUM
NUCLEUS
MITOCHONDRIA
RIBOSOME
NUCLEOLUS
VACUOLE

Terms of Use – The Animal Cell

Thank you for your purchase! By purchasing this resource, you are agreeing that the contents are the property of **John T. Stanton** at **Homeschool Science Club** and licensed to you only for classroom and/or personal use as a single user. I retain the copyright and reserve all rights to this product.

YOU MAY

- Use free and purchased items for your own classroom students or your own personal use.
- Reference this product in blog posts, at seminars, professional development, workshops, or other such venues, ONLY if both credit is given to myself as the author, and a link back to my TpT store is included in the presentation.
- Distribute copies of the free items only to other teachers PROVIDED there is credit given to OurDailyMath and a link back to my TPT store.

YOU MAY NOT

- Claim this work as your own, alter the files in any way, or remove copyright indication or watermarks.
- Sell the files or combine them into another unit for sale or for free.
- Post this document for sale or for free elsewhere on the internet (this includes Google Doc links on blogs).
- Make copies of purchased items to share with others. This is strictly forbidden and is a violation of the Terms of Use and copyright law.
- Use this product if provided by another person who violates any

Thank you for abiding by universally accepted codes of professional ethics while using this product. If you encounter an issue with your file, notice an error, or are in any way experiencing a problem, please contact me and I will be more than happy to help sort it out.

You can message me at homeschoolscienceclub.com

Thanks!!

Thank You!!

I hope you and your learner enjoys this activity!

Come visit homeschoolscienceclub.com for more ideas on teaching and learning science at home.

Fonts & Graphics From:

LUNA Font available at: http://www.amandaleeson.com/

https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Store/Tina-Steele